

特殊像素线电路的修改方法 (S22/S23/S22+/S23+/16PM,ETC)

The modification method of special pixel line circuits

1, 必须保证测量结果的准确;

The accuracy of the measurement results must be guaranteed.

2, 因为电路排列的不规则原因, 你可能需要重复维修一次 (左边/右边);

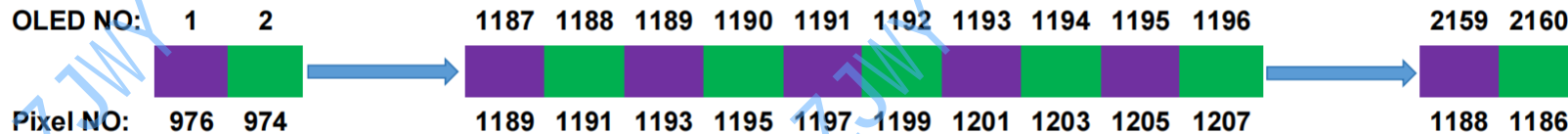
Due to the irregular arrangement of the circuitry, you may need to perform the repair process again (on the left/right).

Sample: S22

当测试结果, 像素线编号为 "1199";

Based on the test results, the pixel line number is "1199" ;

灯珠排列 (S22):



1,第1列灯珠对应的像素线编号并不是1;

The pixel line number corresponding to the first column of OLED is not 1.

2,当测量结果为1199时, 它是绿色线, 并不是正常排列时的规律 (单数=紫色, 双数=绿色);

When the measurement result is 1199, it is the green line, which does not follow the regular pattern (ODD = purple, EVEN = green);

3,线路修改时, 1199对应旁边的绿色电路编号是1195或1203, 1197或1201都是错误的;

When modifying the circuit, the corresponding green circuit number next to 1199 is either 1195 or 1203; 1197 or 1201 are both incorrect.

综上所述:当测量结果准确时,对应的像素线颜色已经不再重要.不管是绿色线还是紫色线, 你需要连接的规律为:
像素线编号=测量编号 ± 4 . ($\pm$, 意味可能是在左边或者右边)

Based on the above description, when the measurement results are accurate, the color of the corresponding pixel line is no longer important. Whether it is a green line or a purple line, the rule you need to follow for connection is: **Pixel line number = measurement number ± 4** . (The symbol $\pm$ indicates that it may be on the left or right side.)